CURRICULUM VITAE

- Name- Dr Jyoti Singh
- Designation- Scientist-B (Medical)
- Discipline/research area-
 - 1. Medical Biochemistry
 - 2. Molecular Biology
 - 3. Technological Innovation in diagnostics
 - 4. Machine learning and Artificial Intelligence
 - 5. Medical Sociology
- ORCID ID- https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2435-3439
- Address (off.)- Room no. 306, National Institute of Pathology, Safdarjung Hospital campus, New Delhi-110029
- Email address- driyotisingh12@gmail.com, jyoti.rt@icmr.gov.in
- Educational Qualifications-
 - 1. MD (Biochemistry)
 - 2. MBBS

Research Experience

- 1. "Adaptation of Bradford method for measurement of S.Total Protein", 2020.
- 2. Deputed Biochemist and core member of the team of technical experts for Seroprevalence of Anti SARS CoV-2 (COVID-19) IgG Antibody testing of Andaman and Nicobar Islands, 24th August 2020 to 30th September 2020 an administrative study covering entire Andaman and Nicobar Islands during COVID-19 pandemic.
- 3. "Association of Vitamin D receptor gene (Fokl) polymorphism and Vitamin D status with Insulin Resistance in women with PCOS", April 2014.
- 4. "Leptin Resistance & Role of Leptin in Insulin Resistance in women with PCOS", 2014.
- 5. "Role of Inhibin in pathogenesis of PCOS", 2014.

Awards

- 1. **2nd prize** in Poster presentation "Role of Vitamin D levels in Insulin Resistance in women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome" in AMBI, September 2014.
- 2. **3rd prize** in Poster Presentation "Association of VDR gene (Fokl) polymorphism and Vitamin D status with Insulin Resistance in women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome" in AMBI November 2018.
- 3. **Consolation prize** in Oral presentation "Role of leptin levels in Insulin Resistance in women with Polycystic Ovary Syndrome" in ACBI, March 2015.

Membership/Fellowship of Professional Societies/Associations :

- 1. ACBI
- 2. AMBI

Publications

International- 1

10 best publications-

1. Tilak, Jyoti & Jain, Anju & Wadhwa, Nishtha & Tilak, H.R. & Ahirwar, Ashok. (2022). The study of the role of insulin resistance as etiological factor in polycystic ovarian syndrome: a case control study. Advances in Laboratory Medicine / Avances en Medicina de Laboratorio. 3. 10.1515/almed-2021-0098.